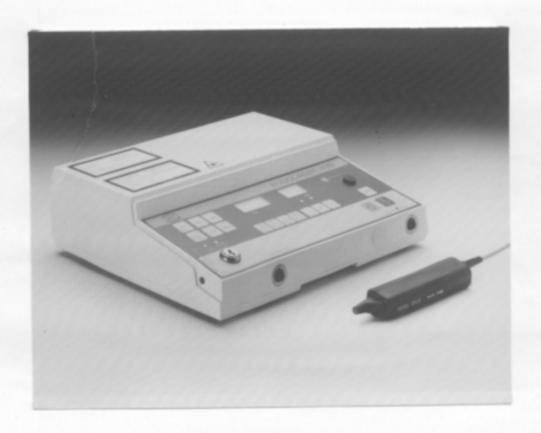
ENDOLASER 476 SERVICE MANUAL

1476.773





Edition: February 1993

Technical modifications reserved

PREMATORY NOTE

This manual is meant for authorized Enraf-Nonius service dealers.

We hope that this manual enables you to execute adequate service in the full sense of the word. If you have remarks and/or suggestions, please write to ENRAF-NONIUS B.V., Service Documentation Department, Medical Division, P.O.BOX 483, 2600 AL DELFT, HOLLAND.

The information in this manual has been carefully checked and is believed to be reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for possible inaccuracies or imperfections.

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1 GENERAL INTRODUCTION

page 2

1

The Endolaser 476 offers two types of laser therapy: continuous and pulsed. Continuous laser therapy is generally used for the treatment of semi-acute and chronic disorders, while pulsed therapy is mainly used for the treatment of very acute conditions. The maximum output is determined by the probe connected, and the power can be set in four steps (25, 50, 75 and 100%).

Easy setting of dose and treatment time

The applied dose in joules (J) can be set extremely accurately, and is indicated on an LCD display. The Endolaser 476 automatically determines the required treatment time, and this is shown on a second display. The procedure can also be reversed: a treatment time is set, and the unit shows what the applied dose will be. Treatment can be started using the start button on the probe, or the start button on the unit itself.

Laser probe with target indication

The treatment probes are fitted with a solid state Ga-As-Al laser with a wavelength of 780 or 830 nm, and power of 10 or 30 mW. The small diameter of the laser beam at the focal point, and the fact that light at this wavelength is barely visible, necessitate some indication of the target point. This problem has been solved by providing the laser probes with a target light which transmits visible light with the laser beam, clearly marking the point of treatment.

Microcomputer controlled with selftest and test mode function
The Endolaser 476 is equipped with a microcomputer that controlles al functions and that performes a selftest upon power-up.
Tested at power-up and during operation are:

- -the Eprom (checksum),
- -the supply voltage.
- -the probe analog voltage (probe driver signal).

In case of a fault the following is done:

- -the probe is switched off,
- -the timer display shows a colon (:
- -the energy display shows a dot (.)
- -the unit is locked in this condition.
- To escape, one can retry to power-up,
- If the fault remains, internally a test jumper should be placed.

The unit now escapes the locked condition making it possible to measure different signals in the unit at different settings.

Equipment of series 0 do not have this facility.

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WARNINGS

- Never look directly into a laser probe. This can cause serious damage to the eyes.
- The operator has to be aware of the fact that the laserlight can be reflected, he or she should wear goggles as a protection against reflected laser light.
- Always follow these instructions when using the Endolaser 476 and the treatment probe. Failure to follow these instructions can lead to accidental laser emission.

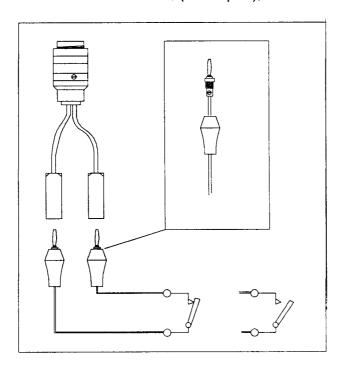
Use of door switch (interlock connection)

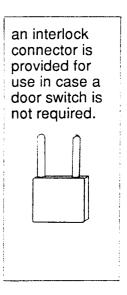
Class 3B laser equipment must be provided (IEC825) with an remote interlock facility that makes it possible to interrupt the emission of laser energy when e.g. a treatmentroom is entered from outside.

National regulations may specify particular use of a door switch or other interlock function.

An interlock switch can be installed by the user, preferably as a door switch. The switch must incorporate a contact breaker.

- -in the normal 'working' situation the contact is closed
- -if the contact is broken, (door open), laser is automatically switched off.





On/off keyswitch

It is recommended that the key should be removed from the Endolaser 476 when the unit is not in use, in order to prevent unauthorized operation.

3. TECHNICAL DATA

page 4

1

Laser type : Solid state (Ga-As-Al)

Laser wavelength : 780 or 830 nm (depending on probe)

Output power : Max. 100 mW (depending on probe)

adjustable to four levels: 25, 50, 75 and 100% Continuous/pulsed

Pulse repetition frequency : 300 Hz (50% duty cycle)

Treatment time : Maximum 99 minutes and 59 seconds

Maximum is limited by preset dose

Dose : Maximum 9.99 joules (J)

Maximum is limited by preset treatment

time

Warning signals : Laser active (lamp/buzzer)

Operator error (buzzer) Battery charge (lamp)

Accuracy

Laser power : within 10% of power selected

Laser test light meter : within 10% (with powers between 5 and

100 mW)

Battery : 12 V, 1.8 Ah maintenance-free lead

accumulator (Varta Pb)

Dimensions 178.5 x 34 x 60.5 mm

Laser class : Class 3B (according to IEC 825)

Safety class : Il type B* Patient leakage current : typically zero

(IEC requirement ≤100 μA)

Dito, single fault condition : typically zero

(IEC requirement ≤500 mA)

Weight : 2.8 kg

Dimensions : 35 x 25.5 x 10 cm

Warning labels

Classification label (on top of unit)

Specification label (on top of unit and on probe)

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Probes

Laser

Wavelength : 780 nm Power : 10 or 30 mW

Beam diameter : 4 mm ±1 mm at 10 mm from probe

Angle of divergence : 2.5°

Laser

Wavelength : 830 nm Power : 30 or 40 mW

Beam diameter : $4 \text{ mm } \pm 1 \text{ mm at } 10 \text{ mm from probe}$

Angle of divergence : 2.5°

Target light

Wavelength : 670 nm Power : 1 mW

Battery charger

Mains voltage : available for 110V, 220V or 240V,

50-60 Hz

Permissible variation : $\pm 10\%$

Current consumption : 0.065 A (220V version)

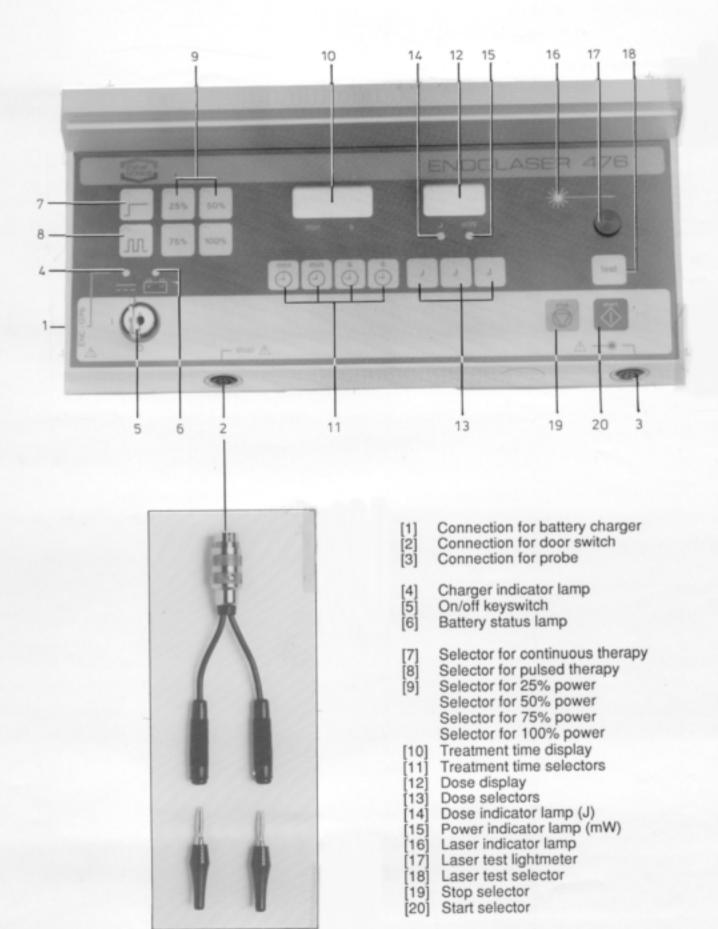
Maximum charge current : 400 mA
Maximum charge voltage : 14 volt
Safety class : II type BF*
Patient leakage current : Typically 5 uA

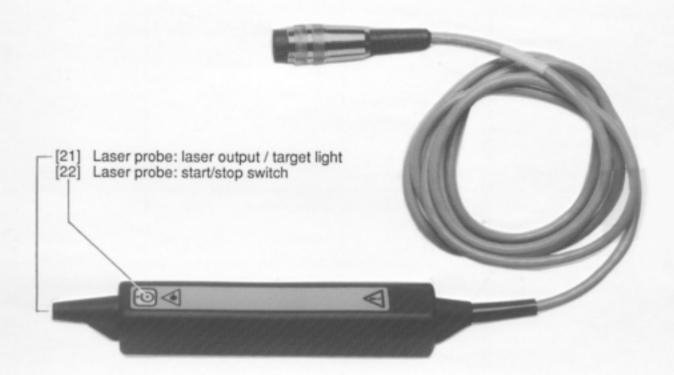
(IEC requirement < 100 uA)

Dito, single fault : Typically 5 uA

(IEC requirement < 550 uA)

- * Il indicates that the charger is double insulated, has no earth (ground) connection, and therefore does not require an earthed (grounded) wall socket.
- * B indicates that the equipment meets the leakage current requirements specified in IEC 601-1.
- * BF indicates that the unit has a floating patient circuit, in which the leakage currents meet the requirements of IEC 601-1.





DESCRIPTION OF CONTROLS

[1] Connection for battery charger

If possible, keep the battery charger connected during use, in order to conserve the battery. Connection of a battery charger other than that specified (Type ENC 12 Pb) can adversely affect the safety of the patient and the functioning of the unit, and is therefore not permitted.

[2] Connection for door switch

A door switch can be connected here (National regulations may specify particular use of a door switch or other interlock function). If the connection is left open no laser energy can be emitted.

[3] Connection for probe

This connection takes the various types of laser probe supplied by Enraf-Nonius. The dose or treatment time cannot be set if no probe is connected.

Connection of probes other than those supplied by Enraf-Nonius can adversely affect the safety of the patient and the functioning of the unit, and is therefore not permitted.

[4] Charger indicator lamp

This lamp lights when the charger is functioning correctly.

[5] On/off keyswitch

Switch on: turn key to the right (I) Switch off: turn key to the left (O)

[6] Battery charge lamp

This lamp provides a general indication of the battery condition. There are four indications:

-continuous green light

battery is fully charged

-flashing green light

battery partly discharged

-red light

battery is insufficiently charged*

-lamp out

battery fully discharged, or unit is switched

off.

* Unit switches off automatically, and treatment cannot be continued. The battery must be recharged before proceeding. See Section 5.

[7] Selector for continuous therapy

For selecting continuous laser power. A green lamp in the selector lights after pressing.

[8] Selector for pulsed laser power

For selecting pulsed laser power. A green lamp in the selector lights after pressing.

[9] Selectors for 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%

These selectors are used to set the output of the laser probe. For example, if a 10 mW is probe is connected, selection of 75% will result in a power output of 7.5 mW. The output selected is indicated by a green lamp in the corresponding selector. When the unit is initially switched on, an output of 25% is selected automatically.

[10] Treatment time display

This display shows the set treatment time in minutes and seconds. The treatment time is set using the treatment selectors [11]. After treatment begins, the timer counts down to show the treatment time remaining. When the timer reaches zero, the laser is switched off automatically, and the original treatment time set reappears on the display. Treatment can now be restarted. The treatment time is automatically adapted when the output is selected or changed using the dose selectors [13], and also if the output is subsequently changed using the selectors [7], [8] or [9].

[11] Treatment time selectors

These four selectors are used to set the treatment time. The dose and dose indication are adapted automatically. The two selectors on the left are for setting the minutes (in tens and units) and the two on the right are for setting the seconds (also in tens and units). The maximum time that can be set is 99 minutes and 59 seconds.

[12] Dose display

This display shows the set dose in joules (J). The dose is set using the dose selectors [13], with a maximum possible setting of 9.99 J. The dose setting is adapted automatically when the treatment time is set or changed using the selectors [11], and when the output is changed using the selectors [7], [8] or [9]. The display flashes if the maximum dose setting is exceeded (i.e. if the treatment time is too long and the output is too high). Treatment cannot be started until an acceptable setting has been obtained by adapting the dose, output and/or treatment time.

[13] Dose selectors

These three selectors are used to set the dose in joules (J). The treatment time is automatically adapted accordingly. The selector on the left is for units, the middle selector is for tenths, and the selector on the right is for hundredths.

[14] Dose indicator lamp (J)

When this lamp is lit, the dose display shows the set dose in joules (J). This is the normal condition. However, during the laser test the lamp will go out, and the power indicator lamp [14] will light.

[15] Power indicator lamp (mW)

This lamp only lights during the laser test, i.e. when the laser test selector [18] is pressed, indicating that the dose display [12] is showing the probe power in mW.

[16] Laser indicator lamp

This lamp flashes when the laser is in operation.

[17] Laser test lightmeter

The lightmeter contains a photoelectric cell for measuring the laser output of the probe.

[18] Laser test selector

This selector activates the laser test lightmeter [17]. The output of the probe is measured, and shown on the dose display [12]. The selector must be kept pressed down during the test procedure (see next page).

[19] Stop button

This button is used to stop treatment before the treatment time has expired. All settings are then returned to zero. The stop button can also be used to cancel any settings.

[20] Start button

This button is used to start treatment. Treatment can only be started if:

- the cut-out switch is connected
- the probe is connected
- the treatment time or dose has been set.

When treatment has started and the laser is in operation, the laser indicator lamp [16] flashes, a buzzer sounds intermittently and the timer begins to count down to zero.

[21] Laser probe target light

The target area is indicated by a narrow beam of red light

[22] Laser probe start/stop contact switch

This button is used to start and to interrupt treatment.

Push once: treatment is started, once more: treatment is interrupted.

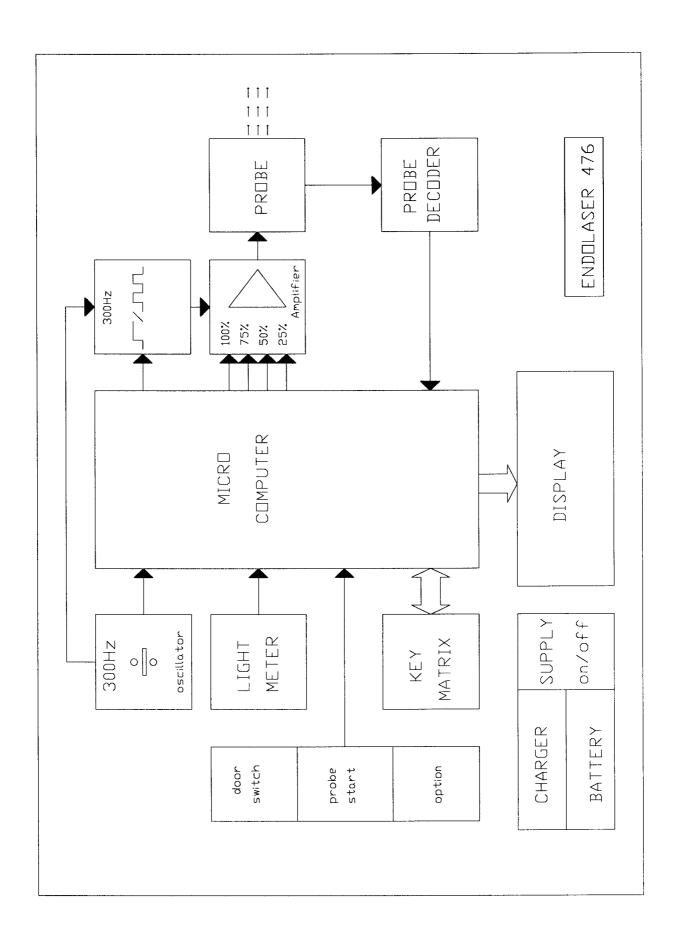
At each interruption all settings are maintained.

LASER TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Connect the door switch.
- 2. Connect the probe.
- 3. Switch on the unit.
- 4. Select continuous therapy and 100% power.
- 5. Remove the protective cover and place the probe on the laser test lightmeter [17].
- 6. Press the laser test selector [18] and keep it depressed.
- 7. Start the laser (at the probe).
- 8. Check the power indication on the display [12]. This must be within 20% of the power specified for the probe.

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5. BLOCK DIAGRAM

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The Endolaser 476 is built up around a microprocessor system. This system controls all functions of the unit.

The processor itsef contains I/O ports and 8-channel ADC converter.

Inputs for the control system:

- The door switch.
- The probe decoder signal
- The key matrix (at the front panel).
- Start/stop information (from probe).

Outputs of the control system:

- Control lines for probe power selection (25, 50, 75, 100%).
- Selection line continuous/pulsed mode.
- LED control lines.
- Display information to LCD controller.
- Sound control line.

Probe power selection

An amplifier drives the laser probe at four different levels (25, 50, 75 and 100%) and in two modes (continuous/pulsed). The output is either a continuous or a pulsed voltage.

Probe test (decoder circuit)

Different probes of different power can be connected. This circuit tests which probe is connected. (of importance for energy setting).

Power supply

The power supply includes a charger, a charger circuit (with charge current limitter), a battery and a voltage stabelizer ciruit.

6.1 Sheet 1

6.1.1 Microprocessor and Memory

The microprocessor used is the Siemens 80535 processor. The component is equipped with 8 analog inputs (AD Converter, AN0 - AN7), and 6 times an 8-bit port. The components includes also a watchdog circuit and RAM. The unit is equipped with 2K RAM (iC2, 5516) and 16K E-prom (iC3, 27256). A cristal controlled oscillator supplies the micro-processor clock frequency. The frequency is about 11 MHz.

Function of I/O ports:

- Port Po is a multiplexed address and databus.

 Address information is written to 8-bit latch (iC4), which then performes the address function for the lower address.

 Data is read from the E-prom and RAM.
- P1 Port P1, for probe connections and interlock switch.
- P2 Port P2, High address (A8 A15).
- P3 Port P3, control and communication (RD, WR, RXD, TXD). selection normal mode test mode (test jumper)
- P4 Port P4, LED control.
- P5 Port P5, keyboard scan.

6.2.2 **lc19, max232**

For production only

6.2 Sheet 2

6.2.1 Power supply, charge circuit

The circuit is provided with protection diodes against faulty connection of the charger/battery. A 1.6AT fuse protects against short circuits. For protection of the battery, a charge current limiter circuit is made with iC10A. The non inverting input is connected to a stable 0.4 Volt. $(5/(5+27))^*2.4 = 0.4$ Volt. The inverting input is connected to a voltage that is proportional to the charge current. The Op-Amp switches off the FET if the charge current is about 400mA.

6.2.2 Power supply, voltage regulation (does not apply for series 0)

The battery voltage variates between 9 and 13 volt. Voltage stabelization is achieved using iC50 (LM317T).

series 0

The battery voltage variates between 9 and 13 volt. Voltage stabelization is achieved using a voltage reference diode LM336 (2.5 Volt). The 2.5 Volt reference is applied to the non-inverting input of iC11D. Due to feedback the inverting input will be kept at the same level (pin 12 also at 2.5 Volt). The inverting input is connected to a voltage divider circuit (R17 and R16). The total voltage across these two resistors will be 5.0 Volt. The Op-Amp regulates the drive transistor T5. Drive transistor T5 controls the power transistors T6/T2. The transistor T4 is a current limiter. The current is limited to about 1.2 ampère. (0.6 Volt / 500 Ohm).

6.2.3 Overvoltage protection

Transistor T7 and T3, in combination with diode D6 form an overvoltage protection circuit. The circuit limites the output to a maximum of 6 Volts maximum.

Series 0

The iC11A in combination with transistor T3 and T7 form an over-voltage protection circuit. This circuit shorts the 5V power supply as soon as the voltage rises over 5.9 Volt. [$(2.4V \times (10K + 6K8)) / 6K8 = 5.9V$]. The shortening will be active until the unit has been powered off.

6.2.4 Battery check circuit

As long as the battery voltage is more than 11 volt, a green LED must light. In case the voltage is betwee 9 and 11 Volt the green LED should blink. If the voltage drops below 9 Volt the green LED must turn RED. All this is performed by this circuit.

The circuit uses the 2.5 Volt from the voltage reference diode as a reference for the two comparators iC11A and iC11B. The two comparators compare for 9 and 11 Volt.

In the normal condition (battery voltage more than 11 Volt)
The outputs of both comparators are low. The LED lights green.

Voltage < 11 Volt: The output of ic1011B is high, via NAND iC13B the LED will blink at a frequency of 1.3 Hz. The voltage < 9 Volt: The output of iC11A is high, This sets flip-flop iC12B, the RED LED lights. This also resets flip-flop iC12C, as a result the green LED is switched off.

Via nand iC13A the uP is resetted at powering up, and in case the voltage drops below 9 Volt. The circuit provides a power up reset active High and active Low. For tesing purposes an external reset can be generated (label <reset>) without the necessity of powering-off the unit.

6.3 Sheet 3

Clock divider

The oscillation frequency (11.0592 MHz) from the cristal oscillator is divided by iC9 and iC8 to five different frequencies. The iC18A ensures the 50% dutycycle for the 300Hz laser pulsfrequency. The iC6C is used to minimize the capacitive load of the uP oscillator circuit.

6.4 Sheet 4

6.4.1 Light measure circuit

The light measure amplifier is constructed with straps (strap 1 - 5) to make it possible to use different light sensors and different amplifiers,

strap str1	<direct></direct>	is not applied
strap str2	<2ampl>	is applied
strap str3	<1ampl>	is not applied
strap str4	<0V offset>	is applied
strap str5	<2.5V offset>	is not applied

Result of this choice of strap combinations is an amplification of +1x. The label light power> can be measured at the p.c. board, labeled <Vphoto detector>. Voltages are as follows (activate light sensor with laser probe(10 / 30 / 40 mW) at test opening at the front panel):

```
e.g. 400\text{mV} = 40 \text{ mW}

300\text{mV} = 30 \text{ mW}

100\text{mV} = 10 \text{ mW}

10 \text{ mV} \approx 1 \text{ mW (target light only)}
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6.4.2 **Sound circuit**

The sound function (On/Off) is controlled by the uP port P3.5 via a connection labelled <sound disable>. The sound frequency is 1350 Hz, comming from the divider circuit. A flip flop is used to make a 50% duty cycle. The output of the flip-flop controls the piezo buzzer via a volume adjustment potentiometer.

6.4.2 Click circuit

The click function is controlled by the uP port P1.5 via a connection labeled <click>.

Pressing the switches is normally not audible. To make it audible this click circuit is provided. The circuit contains a relay and a resettable flip-flop. As soon as a switch is pressed the line <click> will produce a pulse. After this clock pulse the flip-flop output is high. The relay is energized and its contact switches and resets the flip-flop (output low again).

6.5 Sheet 5

Keyboard

The keyboard is connected to the uP's port 5. The switches are connected in a 4 by 4 matrix. Diodes, resistors and capacitors are to protect the uP agains static discharge.

6.6 Sheet 6

Display

The two displays used in the unit are of the LCD type.

The displays are controlled by decoder/drivers iC20 - iC27. These are selected by iC7 which is a 3 to 8 decoder and functions as a multiplexer.

The 8 decoder/drivers operate in a pulsed mode (84 Hz). This is required for the functioning of the LCD. The 84 Hz is applied to the PH input and comes from the frequency divider circuit.

A power-up reset sets all displays at zero initialy.

6.7 Sheet 7

6.7.1 **LED drivers**

All the LED indicators, except from those indicating the battery condition and charger connection, are controlled by the uP. The iC1 and iC2 are used as buffer.

6.7.2 Power control circuit (25, 50, 75, 100%, continuous/pulsed)

The outputs of iC102C,D,E,F control analog switches for selection of the output power of the laserprobe. The switches change the voltage divider circuit that drives the output buffer.

The switch related to the chosen percentage is closed. Selection of 100% output power gives 2.0 Volt at the junction of the voltage divider (75% = 1.5V, 50% = 1V, 25% = 0.5V).

Shut down switches iC104B,D are are closed in case the laser is not active. Enable switch iC1104A enables the 5 Volt supply to the power control circuit only in case the probe is active.

The iC103C is open when the unit is in the continuous mode but will be controlled by the 300 Hz when the unit is in the pused mode. From the diagram can be seen that in the pulsed mode there always is left some power of the chosen range (2.5, 5, 7,5 or 10% of maximum). This is achieved with resistor R129 (750 Ohm) and is to increase the laserdiode lifetime.

6.7.3 **Safety**

The probe control circuit is controlled both by the power up reset (active low) and by the uP. When the probe in inactive, the switches iC104A and iC104B (B) are open to ensure the analogue voltage to be low (0 Volt).

Analog switch iC104D is closed to ensure the analogue voltage to be low.

The laser active control line <laser-active> is at low logic state in order to keep the laser not active. In diagram sheet 8 a zenerdiode D114 is added at the analog output <analog probe drive> to limit the voltage to 2.4 Volt in case the analog switches should fail.

6.7.4 Probe connections

All the inputs and outputs to or from C-mos circuits are protected by resistors, diodes and capacitors.

The circuit around iC26D is a constant current generator at 1 mA. The 1 mA functions as a test current to determine the type of probe connected. The current is applied to a test resistor inside the probe, and the voltage across the resistor is measured probe test> by the uP at input AN1.

The test voltages are as follows:

Voltage:	step no.	implemented/active from the uP:
<0.4	0	shorted
0.5	1	10 mW
0.7	2	20 mW
0.9	3	30 mW
1.1	4	40 mW
1.3	5	50 mw
1.5	6	60 mW
1.7	7	70 mW
1.9	8	80 mW
2.1	9	90 mW
2.3	10	100 mW
2.5	11	110 mW
2.7	12	120 mW
>2.8	13	not connected

6.7.5 The probe

No information available.

Defective probes may be returned to Enraf-Nonius for repair.

Small repairs such as probe tip replacement, cable replacement and keypad replacement are possible, see appendix A for details and part list.

8. CHECKS AND CIRCUIT ADJUSTMENTS

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8.1 General

- 8.1.1 After any repair and or maintenance, check:
 - The condition of the leads of the charger,
 - Patient leakage currents, both in the normal condition as in the single fault condition according to the I.E.C. 601-1 regarding class 2, type BF equipment.
- 8.1.2 Check that the fuse has the rating specified.
- 8.1.3 Check that connectors, switches and the like are properly mounted.
- 8.1.4 Check that the test jumper is at position 2

8.2 Supply voltage

Switch on the unit and check the supply voltage:

+ 5 Volt ± 5% at test connector

8.3 Adjustments

Adjustment of the light measure circuit.

Adjustment of the light measure circuit can be done with a well calibrated (new) probe only.

If you have a lightmeter;

Check the laser output first and calibrate to that power instead of the rated power at the label of the probe.

Perform the laser test (setting 100% and continuous laser). If the maximum power measured is within 20% of the power mentioned at the specification label of the probe, then calibration of the meter is not required.

Calibrate if measured power deviates more than 20%:

R38 Adjust the potentiometer (R38) until the maximum value at the display corresponds with the power at the specification label at the probe. (or to the power measured with the external light-meter).

8.4 Test mode

In case of a fault in the power supply, Eprom, or probe drive circuit, the operation of the unit is automatically disabled. By placing a jumper at position 1 (in diagram, position "low" at p.c. board), the unit is activated (test mode). This might be necessary for trooble shooting.

normal condition

test condition

9. FUNCTION TEST

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9.0 Initial setting

Disconnect probe and door switch

Switch the equipment on; it performes a selftest after wich the displays indicate '0' and '0'.

The unit is faulty if the display indicates ':' and '.'

(fault can be the eprom, the power supply or the probe analog voltage)

9.1 Power supply

Connect the charger to socket 1
LED [4] must light
Switch on the Endolaser.
The battery indicator [6] must light green.
If it start blinking or turns red, then the battery is empty.

9.1 Safety circuits

Press for time setting, a beep must sound, and time setting is not possible.

Connect the probe (check for target light) Time setting is possible now. Press for 1 minute time setting,

Press for start:

A beep sounds, and starting is not possible

Connect the doorswitch.

Press for start (point probe in safe direction

The timer counts down, the laser is active.

Press for stop.

9.2 Keyboard test

Press al switches (one by one) and check for the click sound.

9.3 Probe test

Select for 100%, continuous laser
Remove the cover from the test opening.
Hold the probe perpendicular at this opening.
Press at test and press the start button at the probe.
The display should read the rated (at probe) value ± 20%.

10 **MAINTENANCE** [page 21 1

We advise to subject the Endolaser 476 to regular inspectios, e.g. once a year, to guarantee the safety and the functioning of the apparatus as specified. Please carry out the following:

- 1 Modifications, if any, will be published by means of technical info sheets (T.I.'s).
- 2 Checks: Check the condition of the leads of the charger nearby the plug Check the connection to the probe plug.
- 3 Carry out the function test as described on previous page.
- 4 Carry out an electrical safety test
- 6 Keep a file of all service activities with the equipment. See sample of a service file on next page.

Tools required / tools advised*)

- oscilloscoop
- frequency counter
- multimeter
- safety testerlight multimeter*)
- *) Chopped light multimeter. model 33XLC, Photodyne Inc. adaper/filter model 350 (1 Watt, 700 - 1100 nm)

SERVICE FILE			[page 22]		
Apparatus:	Date of	f purchase:			_
Date	Executed activities		Tec	chnician	
					_
		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -			
		-			_
		= 1/2-10-1			_
9-					
-		***			
***************************************					_
					_
	ALC AND				
					_

S1 (Key switch)

black wire	from CN2-1	key switch pin 1
white wire	from CN2-2	key switch pin 3

Socket 1 (charger plug)

black wire	from CN3-1	to charger plug (-)
red wire	from CN3-2	to charger plug (+)

Socket 2 (doorswitch)

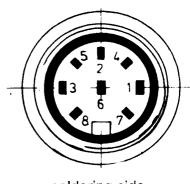
white wire	from CN6-1	to socket	pin 3	gnd
red	from CN6-2		pin 2	doorswitch
black	from CN6-3		pin 5	start
brown	from CN6-4		pin 1	laser act.
blue	from CN6-5		pin 7	scan
orange	from CN6-6		pin 4	+5V

Socket 3 (probe connections)

black wire	from CN5-1	to socket	pin 7	gnd
brown	from CN5-2		pin 1	test
red	from CN5-3		pin 8	out
orange	from CN5-4		pin 6	las. on
blue	from CN5-5		pin 2	start
violet	from CN5-6		pin 3	gnd
grey	from CN5-7		pin 5	+5V
white	from CN5-8		pin 4	+5V
	CN5-9		•	gnd
	CN5-10			nc

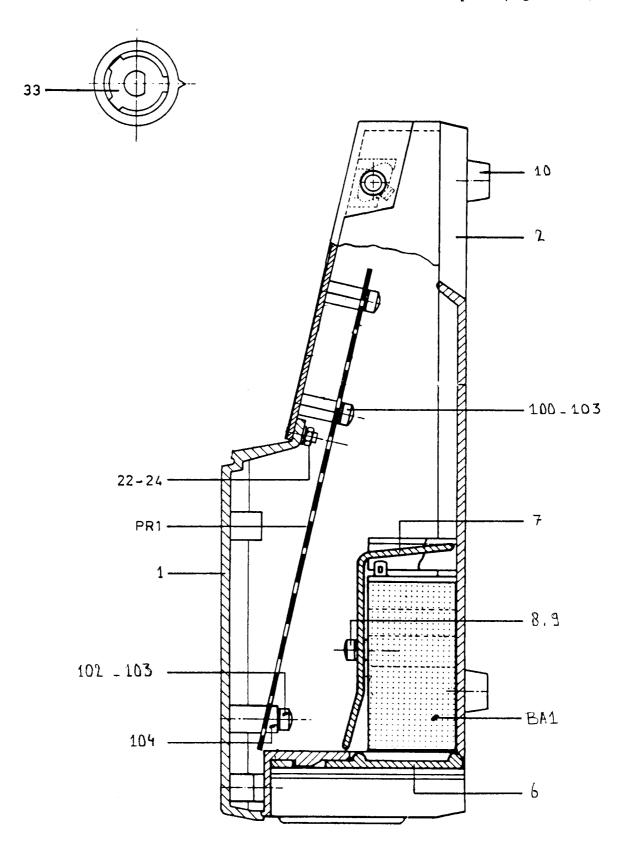
Battery

blue	from CN4-1	to battery (-)
red	from CN4-2	to battery (+)

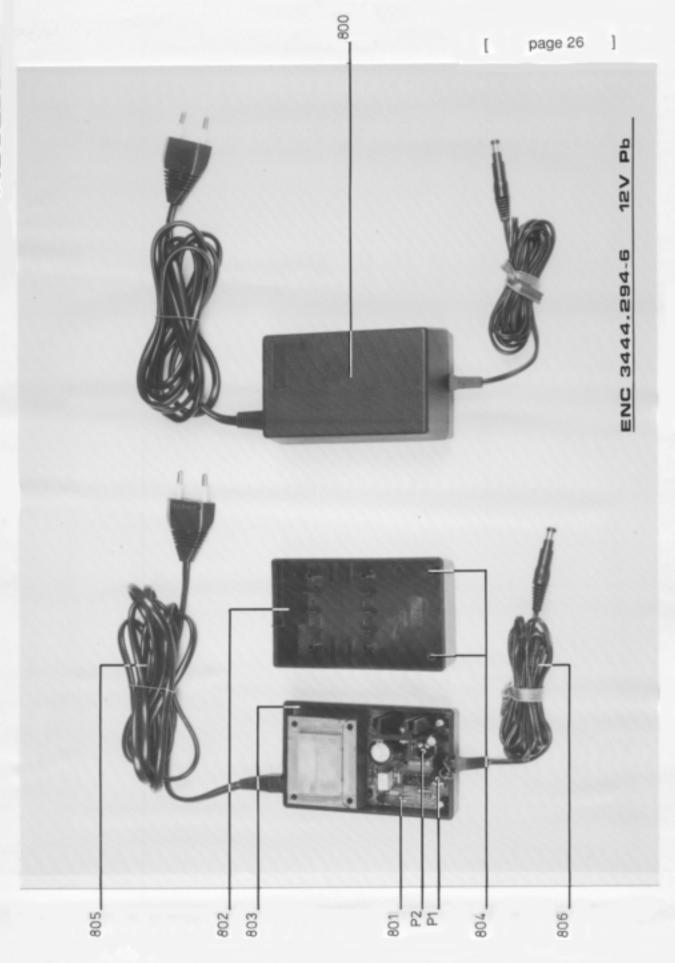


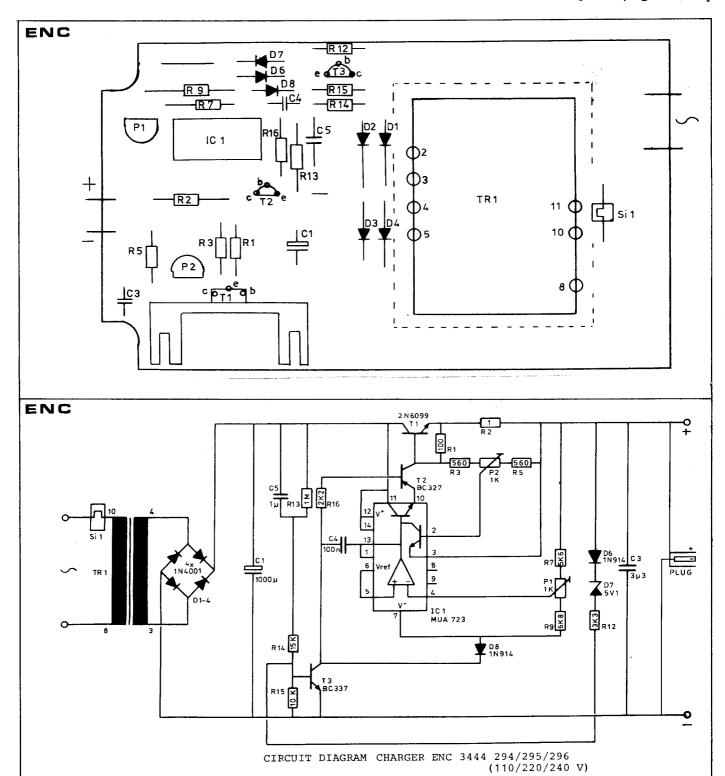
soldering side

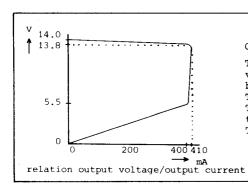
[page 24]











Charger ENC 3444 294/295/296 (110V/220V/240V)

This charger adjusts its output current, depending on the battery voltage so that a minimum charge time is obtained and so that the battery is protected against overcharge.

The charge current is limited with P2 to 400 mA. This can be measured with a resistor (15 - 25 Ω) in series with the mA-meter.

The maximum output voltage is adjusted with P1 to 14.0 V0lt.

spare part

Item	Description	ref. no.	Remarks
	ENDOLASER 476, including accessories	1476.901	220V - 50/60 Hz
	ENDOLASER 476, including accessories	1476.902	110V - 50/60 Hz
	ENDOLASER 476, including accessories	1476.906	240V - 50/60 Hz
	Probe 780nm/10mW Probe 830nm/30mW Probe 780nm/30mW	3444.816 3444.817 3444.818	
*adapte	r/charger, ENC 3444.294 12V-Pb r/charger, ENC 3444.295 12V-Pb r/charger, ENC 3444.296 12V-Pb		220V - 50/60z 110V - 50/60z 240V - 50/60z
HOL	JSING		
1 2 3 4 5	Upper part base part Screw, cross slotted (4x) Screw, cross slotted (2x) Washer (6x)	2994.137 2994.144 6006.027 6006.025 6083.104	
6 7 8 9 10 BA1	Battery compartment lid Battery cover Screw, cross slotted (2x) Washer spring (2x) Support (4x) Battery	2994.076 2994.075 6006.027 6083.104 2032.053 2501.016	m4x16 m4 Pb, 12V, 1.8 Ah
20* 22 23 24	Front panel Indication plate with supporting plate (not including the key switch) Nut (6x) Washer, spring (6x) Washer, flat (6x)	0476.801 6064.004 6083.104 6076.504	including 25 and 26 m4 m4 m4
25 26*	Light sensor socket Light sensor cap	2994.708 2994.708	
socket2	*Input adapter/charger t*Connection door-switch t*Connection probe Key switch	2524.740 2523.945 2523.945 2601.377	

P.C. BOARD 1 PR1* Printed circuit board complete 100 Screw (5x) 101 Distance holder (5x) 102 Screw (3x) 103 Washer, spring (3x) C1 Capacitor C2 Capacitor C3 Capacitor C4 Capacitor C5 Capacitor C6 Capacitor C7 Capacitor C8 Capacitor C9 Capacitor C9 Capacitor C9 Capacitor C1 Capacitor C1 Capacitor C1 Capacitor C2 Capacitor C3 Capacitor C4 Capacitor C5 Capacitor C6 Capacitor C7 Capacitor C8 Capacitor C9 Capacitor C9 Capacitor C10 Capacitor C10 Capacitor C11 Capacitor C11 Capacitor C12 Capacitor C3 Capacitor C4 Capacitor C5 Capacitor C6 Capacitor C7 Capacitor C8 Capacitor C9 Capacitor C10 Capacitor C11 Capacitor C12 Capacitor C13 Capacitor C14 Capacitor C15 Capacitor C15 Capacitor C16 Capacitor C17 Capacitor C18 Capacitor C19 Capacitor C10 Capacitor C10 Capacitor C10 Capacitor C11 Capacitor C12 Capacitor C13 Capacitor C14 Capacitor C15 Capacitor C16 Capacitor C17 Capacitor C18 Capacitor C19 Capacitor C19 Capacitor C19 Capacitor C19 Capacitor C20 Capacitor C21 Capacitor C22 Capacitor C33 Capacitor C44 Capacitor C55 Capacitor C67 Capacitor C77 C27 Capacitor C78 Capacitor C79 Capacitor C79 Capacitor C70 Capacitor C71 Capacitor C72 Capacitor C72 Capacitor C72 Capacitor C73 Capacitor C74 Capacitor C75 Capacitor C77 CAPACITOR C77 CAPACITOR C78 CAPACITOR C79 CAPACITOR C79 CAPACITOR C79 CAPACITOR C70 CAPACI	Item	Description	ref. no.	Remarks
PRI1*				
100 Screw (5x) 2146.603 m4x8 101 Distance holder (5x) 2291.639 L = 13 mm 102 Screw (3x) 6006.027 m4x16 103 Washer, spring (3x) 6083.104 m4 C1 Capacitor - 100nF C2 Capacitor - 22pF C3 Capacitor - 100nF C5 Capacitor - 100nF C6 Capacitor - 100nF C7 Capacitor - 100nF C8 Capacitor - 100nF C9 Capacitor - 100nF C10 Capacitor - 100nF C11 Capacitor - 100nF C12 Capacitor - 100nF C13 Capacitor - 100nF C14 Capacitor - 100nF C15 Capacitor - 100nF C16 <t< td=""><td></td><td>P.C. BOARD 1</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		P.C. BOARD 1		
C2 Capacitor - 22pF C3 Capacitor - 27pF C4 Capacitor - 100nF C5 Capacitor - 100nF C6 Capacitor - 100nF C7 Capacitor - 100nF C8 Capacitor - 100nF C9 Capacitor - 100nF C10 Capacitor - 100nF C11 Capacitor - 100nF C12 Capacitor - 100nF C13 Capacitor - 100nF C14 Capacitor - 100nF C15 Capacitor - 100nF C15 Capacitor - 100nF C15 Capacitor - 100nF C16 Capacitor - 100nF C17 Capacitor - 100nF C18 Capacitor - 100n	100 101 102	Screw (5x) Distance holder (5x) Screw (3x)	2146.603 2291.639 6006.027	L = 13 mm m4x16
C44 Capacitor - 100nF	C2 C3 C4 C5 C7 C8 C112 C113 C114 C115 C117 C118 C119 C119 C119 C119 C119 C119 C119	Capacitor		22pF 27pF 100nF

^{*} Spare part

Item	Description	ref. no.	Remarks
C51 C70 C71 C72 C73 C74 C75 C76 C77	Capacitor	- - - - - -	10nF 10nF 10nF 10nF 10nF 10nF 10nF 10nF
C101 C102 C103 C104 C105 C106 C110 C111	Capacitor	- - - - -	10nF 10nF 10nF 2n2 100nF 22pF 10nF 10nF
D1 * D2 D3 * D4 * D5 * D6 * D7 D7 D8 D9 D10 D11	Diode Diode Diode, zener Diode Diode, zener Diode, series 0 only Diode, zener Diode, series 0 only Diode	2562.126 2562.126 2563.095 3492.958 on demand 2562.245 2563.221 3492.958 on demand 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095	LM336 5V6 BZX 2V4
D50 D51 D52 D53 D54 D55 D56 D57 D58 D59	LED, yellow LED, green	on demand on demand on demand on demand on demand on demand	TLUG 5400 TLUG 5400 TLUG 5400 TLUG 5400 TLUG 5400 TLUG 5400 TLUG 5400 TLUG 5400 TLUG 5400
D70 D71 D73 D74 D75 D76 D77 D78	Diode	2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095	1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914)

^{*} Spare part

Item	Description	ref. no.	Remarks
D80 D81 D82 D83 D84 D85	Diode Diode Diode Diode Diode Diode	2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095	1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914)
D101 D102 D103 D104 D105 D106 D110 D111 D112 D112 D114 Dfoto*	Diode	2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 2563.095 3492.958 on demand	1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) 1N4148 (1N914) BZX 2V4 VTS2082
iC1* iC2* iC3* iC4* iC5* iC6* iC7* iC8* iC10* iC12* iC13* iC15 iC15* iC16* iC20* iC21 iC22 iC23 iC24 iC25 iC26 iC27 iC28	Integrated circuit (uP) Integrated circuit (2k SRAM) Integrated circuit (e-prom) Integrated circuit	3492.950 3452.951 3492.952 3492.953 2517.014 2517.008 3492.954 2514.020 3492.955 2519.319 2514.013 2514.013 2514.013 2514.013 2514.013 2514.013 3492.956 3492.956 3492.956 3492.956 3492.956 3492.956 3492.956 3492.956 3492.956	80535 5516 or 5817 e-prom, programmed 74HCT573 74HCT14 74HCT08 74HCT238 4020 74HC4020 LM324 LM324 4013 4093 4013 LM324 4081 4020 4013 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543 74HCT4543
iC50 iC101* iC102 iC103* iC104 iC105	Integrated circuit/voltage regulator Integrated circuit Integrated circuit Integrated circuit Integrated circuit Integrated circuit Integrated circuit	on demand 2517.014 2517.014 3492.957 3492.957 2517.008	LM317T 74HCT14 74HCT14 HCT4066 HCT4066 74HCT08

Item	Description	ref. no.	Remarks
IN1 IN2	Coil Coil	- -	13uH 13uH
Pz1*	Buzzer (piezo)	on demand	AT20
R1 R23 R5 R7 R8 R1 R123 R145 R15 R15 R15 R15 R15 R15 R15 R15 R15 R1	Resistor (series 0 only) Resistor		3E3 3E7 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
*	Snara nort		

Item	Description	ref. no.	Remarks
R50	Resistor	-	470E
R51	Resistor	-	470E
R52	Resistor	-	470E
R53	Resistor	-	470E
R54	Resistor	-	470E
R55	Resistor	-	470E
R56	Resistor	-	470E
R57	Resistor		100K
R58	Resistor	-	1K0
R59	Resistor	-	10K
R60	Resistor	-	10K
R61	Resistor	-	10K
R62	Resistor	-	10K
R63	Resistor	-	10K
R64	Resistor	-	1K2
R65	Resistor	-	390E
R66	Resistor	-	1K0
R67	Resistor	-	10K
R68	Resistor	-	100K
R69	Resistor	-	47E
R70	Resistor	-	180E 180E
R71 R72	Resistor	-	180E
R72 R73	Resistor	-	180E
R74	Resistor	-	180E
R75	Resistor Resistor	-	180E
R76	Resistor	_	180E
R77	Resistor	_	180E
R78	Resistor	_	10K
R79	Resistor	-	10K
R80	Resistor	_	10E
R101	Resistor	-	10K
R102	Resistor	-	10K
R103	Resistor	-	1K0
R104	Resistor	-	10K
R105	Resistor	-	100K
R106	Resistor	-	100K
R107	Resistor	-	100K
D110	Decistor		10K
R110	Resistor	-	10K 10K
R112 R113	Resistor	-	1K0
R113	Resistor Resistor	-	1K0 1K0
R115	Resistor	<u>-</u>	1K0 1K0
R116	Resistor	_	10K
R117	Resistor	_	10K
R118	Resistor	_	10K
R119	Resistor	_	20K
R120	Resistor	_	47K
R121	Resistor	_	30K0
R123	Resistor	_	471K0
•			
*	Snare nart		

* Spare part

Item	Description	ref. no.	Remarks	
R125 R126 R127 R129 R130 R131	Resistor Resistor Resistor Resistor Resistor Resistor Resistor	- - - -	100K 390K 180K 750E 120K 200K	
T1 *	Transistor dito	on demand 2562.619 2562.620	BUZ71A	5 (alternative) (alternative)
Т3	Transistor dito	on demand 2562.443	BDT94 BD242	(alternative)
T2 *	Transistor dito	on demand 2562.443	BDT94 BD242	(alternative)
T4 *	Transistor dito	on demand 2562.444	BC558 BC327	(alternative)
T5 *	Transistor	2563.359	BC547	
Т6	Transistor dito	on demand 2562.444	BC558 BC327	(alternative)
T7	Transistor	2563.359	BC547	
T8	Transistor	2563.359	BC547	
Т9	Transistor	2563.359	BC547	
T10	Transistor	2563.359	BC547	
T101	Transistor dito	on demand 2562.444	BC558 BC327	(alternative)

* Spare part

HOW TO ORDER SPARE PARTS

If you want to order spare parts (marked * in the list), please mention the reference number, description, (item number) and number of components wanted.

e.g.

0476.810, pc.board complete 1X for Endolaser 476, series 2

For availability of components, please see the 'spare parts price list'.

BATTERY CHARGER ENC 12-Pb (LG701)

Components are drawn in the diagram and the lay-out without the prefix "800" e.g. R8003 is drawn as R3 $\,$

800 *	Dobbows observed and late	2444 004				
800 -	Battery charger, complete	3444.294	-			(USA)
		3444.295				(IEC)
801	P.C. Board	3444.296	240V,	50 -	6UHZ	(UK)
802		on demand				
803	Housing, upper part Housing, bottom part	on demand				
804	Screws (3x)	on demand				
		on demand				
805 -	Mains cable, with USA - plug	on demand				
	with IEC - plug	2570.116				
806 *	with UK - plug	on demand				
000 "	Charging lead with plug	2570.115				
	-P.C. Board-					
C8001	Capacitor	on demand	1000u1	₽		
C8003	Capacitor	on demand				
C8004	Capacitor	on demand				
C8005	Capacitor	on demand				
		on acmana	141			
D8001	Diode	on demand	1N400	l		
D8002	Diode	on demand				
D8003	Diode	on demand	1N400	L		
D8004	Diode	on demand	1N400	l		
D8006	Diode	2563.095	1N914			
D8007	Diode, zener 5.1V	2563.254		L		
D8008	Diode	2563,095				
IC8001	Integrated Circuit	2518.009	UA723			
P8001	Potentiometer, trimmer	on demand	1 6	∩ 1 <i>u</i> 7		
P8002	Potentiometer, trimmer	on demand		0.1W 0.1W		
10002	Total Concept, Climmer	on demand	1 K	0.1W		
R8001	Resistor	2713.193	100E	1/4W	5%	
R8002	Resistor	2701.001	1 E	1W	1%	
R8003	Resistor	2803.560	560E	1/4W	1%	
R8005	Resistor	2803.560	560E	1/4W	1%	
R8007	Resistor	2713.361	5k6	1/4W	5%	
R8009	Resistor	2713.369	6k8	1/4W	5%	
R8012	Resistor	2713.337	3k3	1/4W	5%	
R8013	Resistor	2713.577	1M	1/4W	5%	
R8014	Resistor	2805,150	15k	1/4W	1%	
R8015	Resistor	2713.385	10k	1/4W	5%	
R8016	Resistor	2804.221	2k2	1/4W	1%	
T8001	Mrangi at or		0600			
	Transistor	on demand	2N6099	,		
T8002 T8003	Transistor	2562.444	BC327			
Loops	Transistor	2562.533	BC337			
TR8001	Transformer	on demand				
-	• • • ··· • •	on demand				

 $[\]mbox{\tt *}$ We advise to keep marked items in stock

ENDOLASER 476 PROBES SPECIAL SERVICING

Table of Contents

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Safety
- 3. Handling precautions
- 4. Other precautions
- 5. Probe Tip replacement
- 6. Cable replacement
- 7. Keypad replacement

ENDOLASER 476 PROBES SPECIAL SERVICING

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this guide is to enable Delft Instruments Physical Medicine and authorized service personel to carry out smaller repairs on Endolaser 476 probes.

SAFETY

WARNING! ALWAYS USE PROTECTIVE EYEWEAR WHEN OPERATING THE LASER!

Irradiation from the laser diodes may cause severe damage to the human eye. When the laser probe is being operated, NEVER stare into the beam or view directly with optical instruments.

When checking the optical axis of the laser beam, it is recommended that an IR scope or a fluorescent screen that converts infrared light to visible light be used.

ALWAYS USE suitable protective eyewear, which gives sufficient protection against 830nm infrared radiation.

SELECTING PROTECTIVE EYEWEAR FOR ENDOLASER 476 LASER PROBES:

- 1. Resistant against the specific irradiance?
- 2. Acceptable daylight transmittance?
- 3. Required Optical Density (OD): OD0: 0.69mW

OD0: 0.69mW OD1: 6.9mW OD2: 69mW OD3: 690mW

(The radiant powers stated are based on IEC825 calculations)

The Bollé glasses previously supplied with the Endolaser are resistant against the irradiance of the probes, have an Optical Density of 2 and give sufficient protection up to a radiant power of 69mW. Protective eyewear with higher OD and better daylight transmittance can be supplied.

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Caution

Laser diodes are very sensitive to electrostatic discharge. The sensitivity for electrostatic discharge is even greater then CMOS LSI's.

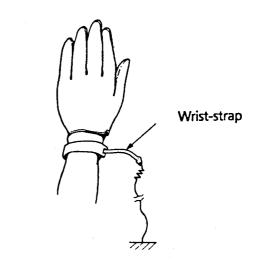
The following handling precautions must be strictly obeyed.

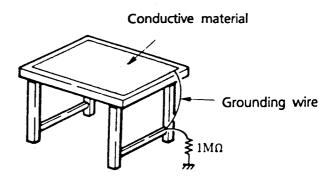
All workbenches, equipment and human operators must be properly grounded when handling the CLB. Even a momentary surge of static electricity will instantaneously destroy the laser diodes.

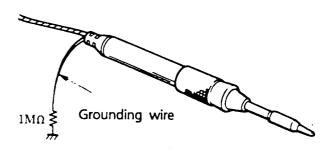
Dust, fingerprints, and other material on the lenses will degrade the laser beam's quality due to interference, diffraction and absorption.

Standard precautions to be taken when working with the CLB:

- 1. Ground all objects (workbench, soldering iron, electrical equipment)
- 2. Ground human operator. (Wear grounded wrist-strap. Use of anti-static shoes is adviseable but not essential.)
- 3. Wear finger sacks to avoid fingerprints on the lenses, if the CLB is touched.
- 4. Do not use air nippers, since they generate static electricity.
- 5. Keep temperature of soldering iron below 320 deg.C, and soldering time short.







OTHER PRECAUTIONS

DUST ON LENSES

Note that deposits or dust on the lenses mounted in the Collimating Laser Block (CLB) can cause deterioration of the charateristics of the laser diodes.

- 1. Do not touch the lenses with bare hands.
- 2. Take care and avoid damaging the lenses with tools.
- 3. When dust deposited on the lenses is to be removed with an air gun, short-circuit the leads or use a moss pack covered with a conductive bag.

TOXICITY OF ARSENIC

The chip of the laser diodes is mainly composed of GaAs which contains about 50% of arsenic, well known as a toxic substance.

The toxicity of a compound semiconductor like GaAs in itself is by far weaker than that of the other arsenic compounds such as As2O3 (arsenic acid), AsCl3 (arsenic trichloride), etc. The content of arsenic per chip is as small as 30ug and therefore does not present any serious problem. However it should be ensured that the chips of the laser diodes are never removed and put in an acid or alkali solution, heated to more than 200deg.C or put in the mouth.

PROBE TIP REPLACEMENT

WORKING ENVIRONMENT
All service must take place under grounded/anti-static working conditions (refer to "Handling precautions").

TOOL LIST
Screwdriver, Size PT1
Probe grounding cable (see spare parts list)

REQUIRED SPARE PARTS
Probe Tip with coated window (see spare parts list)

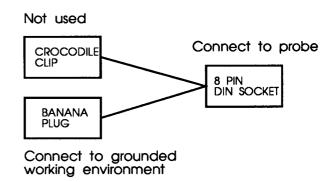
SERVICE PROCEDURE

1. Connect the probe's DIN plug to the grounding cable and ensure that the grounding cable is connected to the working environment.

Carefully remove the Enraf serial number label from the probe and remove the screw in the probe cabinet.
Hold the probe up-side-down and separate the two probe cabinet parts.
CAUTION! DO NOT TOUCH THE PC BOARD OR THE ALUMINIUM COLLIMATING LASER BLOCK (CLB).

- Remove the old probe tip.
- 4. Inspect the new probe tip for dust etc. and clean if necessary with cleaning solution (see spare parts list).
- 5. Insert the new probe tip.
- 6.
 Reassemble the cabinet.
 CAUTION! Ensure that no wires are jammed in the cabinet!
 Remount the screw in the cabinet.
 CAUTION! Tighten the screw carefully it is screwed into ABS plastic!
- 7. Test the probe output power on an Endolaser 476 at 100% output setting.
- Place the Enraf serial number label back and fill in an service report.

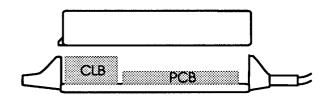
AM GROUNDING CABLE



SERIAL NUMBER LABELS



CABINET SEPARATION



CABLE REPLACEMENT

WORKING ENVIRONMENT All service must take place under grounded/anti-static working conditions (refer to "Handling precautions").

TOOL LIST Screwdriver, Size PT1 Probe grounding cable (see spare parts list)

REQUIRED SPARE PARTS
Probe cable with DIN plug and connector (see spare parts list)

SERVICE PROCEDURE

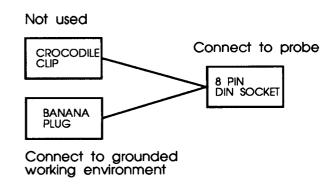
BLOCK (CLB).

Connect the probe's DIN plug to the grounding cable and ensure that the grounding cable is connected to the working environment.

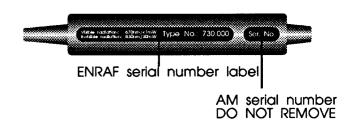
Carefully remove the Enraf serial number label from the probe and remove the screw in the probe cabinet.
Hold the probe up-side-down and separate the two probe cabinet parts.
CAUTION! DO NOT TOUCH THE PC BOARD OR THE ALUMINIUM COLLIMATING LASER

- Connect the crocodile clip on the grounding cable to the CLB.
- Unscrew the cable relievement. Disconnect and remove the old cable.
- 5. Disconnect the old cable from the grounding cable and connect the new cable to the grounding cable.
- 6. Insert and connect the new cable to the pc board. Remount and tighten the cable relievement.
- Remove the crocodile clip from the CLB and reassemble the cabinet.
 CAUTION! Ensure that no wires are jammed in the cabinet!
 Remount the screw in the cabinet.
 CAUTION! Tighten the screw carefully it is are screwed into ABS plastic!
- 8. Test the probe output power on an Endolaser 476 at 100% output setting.
- Place the Enraf serial number label back and fill in an service report.

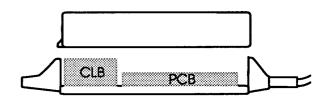
AM GROUNDING CABLE

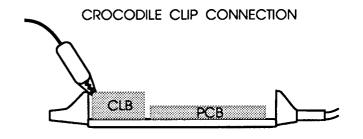


SERIAL NUMBER LABELS



CABINET SEPARATION





KEYPAD REPLACEMENT

WORKING ENVIRONMENT
All service must take place under grounded/anti-static working conditions (refer to "Handling precautions").

TOOL LIST Screwdriver, Size PT1 Screwdriver, Size PZ1 Probe grounding cable (see spare parts list) Sealing (Dow Corning 3140)

REQUIRED SPARE PARTS

Probe cabinet top with mounted keypad and type label (10mW, 30mW or 70mW) (see spare parts list)

SERVICE PROCEDURE

Connect the probe's DIN plug to the grounding cable and ensure that the grounding cable is connected to the working environment.

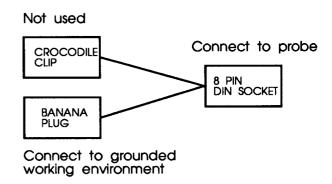
Carefully remove the Enraf serial number label on the probe and remove the screw in the probe cabinet.

Hold the probe up-side-down and separate the two probe cabinet parts.

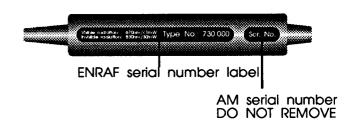
CAUTION! DO NOT TOUCH THE PC BOARD OR THE ALUMINIUM COLLIMATING LASER BLOCK (CLB).

- Connect the crocodile clip on the grounding cable to the CLB.
- 4.
 Use screwdriver PT1 to remove the sealing on the two 6 pin connectors which connect the two pc boards to each other.
 CAUTION! Be careful not to damage any components.
- Unscrew the cable relievement and disconnect the 2 pin keypad connector.
- Unscrew the four screws in the CLB.
 Remove the CLB and top pc board together.
 OCAUTION! The CLB and the pc board MUST
 NOT be disconnected/separated!
- 7. Unscrew the two screws in the bottom pc board and remove the pc board together with the cable.
- Remount the pc board and cable in the new probe cabinet top (see spare parts list).

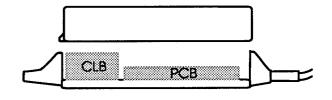
AM GROUNDING CABLE

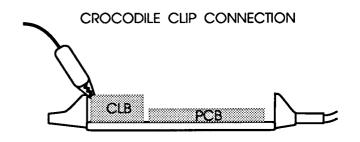


SERIAL NUMBER LABELS



CABINET SEPARATION





KEYPAD REPLACEMENT

CONTINUED

9.
Remount the CLB and connect the PC BOARD with the four screws.
CAUTION! Ensure that the legs of the NTC resistor (placed between the PC BOARD and the CLB) do NOT touch the CLB.

10.
Remount and tighten the cable relievement.
CAUTION! Tighten the screws carefully - they are screwed into ABS plastic!

11. Connect the 2 pin keypad connector to the pc board.

 Glue the two 6 pin connections with Dow Corning 3140 sealing component.

13. Check that all connectors/connections are properly in place - particularly the connection between the PC BOARD and the CLB.

14.
Remove the crocodile clip from the CLB and reassemble the cabinet.
CAUTION! Ensure that no wires are jammed in the cabinet.
Remount the screw in the cabinet.
CAUTION! Tighten the screw carefully - it is screwed into ABS plastic!

15. Test probe keypad function and output power on an Endolaser 476 at 100% output setting.

 Place the Enraf serial number label back and fill in an service report.

17. CAUTION! Allow the probe to rest up-side-down or with the probe tip pointing upwards for at least 4 hours so that the sealing component is allowed to dry. (This will ensure that sealing component does not flow into the CLB).

SPARE PARTS LIST

The spare parts list on this page shows all available spare parts. The various columns are explained hereafter:

Item:

The item number refers to the number on the illustration

R1:

A number in this column indicates a suggested quantity of spare parts

for users

R2:

A number in this column indicates the minimum recommended quantity

for spare parts stock at the local service organisation

C:

A y(es) in this column marks the so-called "Critical" items. The service engineer must record the type and serial number of the spare part as well as type and serial number of the unit in case of replacement

Part no .:

The part number column shows the code for ordering the part from

Delft Instruments Physical Medicine BV.

Description:

The description gives additional information to completely identify the

probe with connectors

incl. probe cabinet top probe grounding cable

part.

N 0 0 3444826 Cable,

3444827 Keypad,

3444828 Tool.

0 0

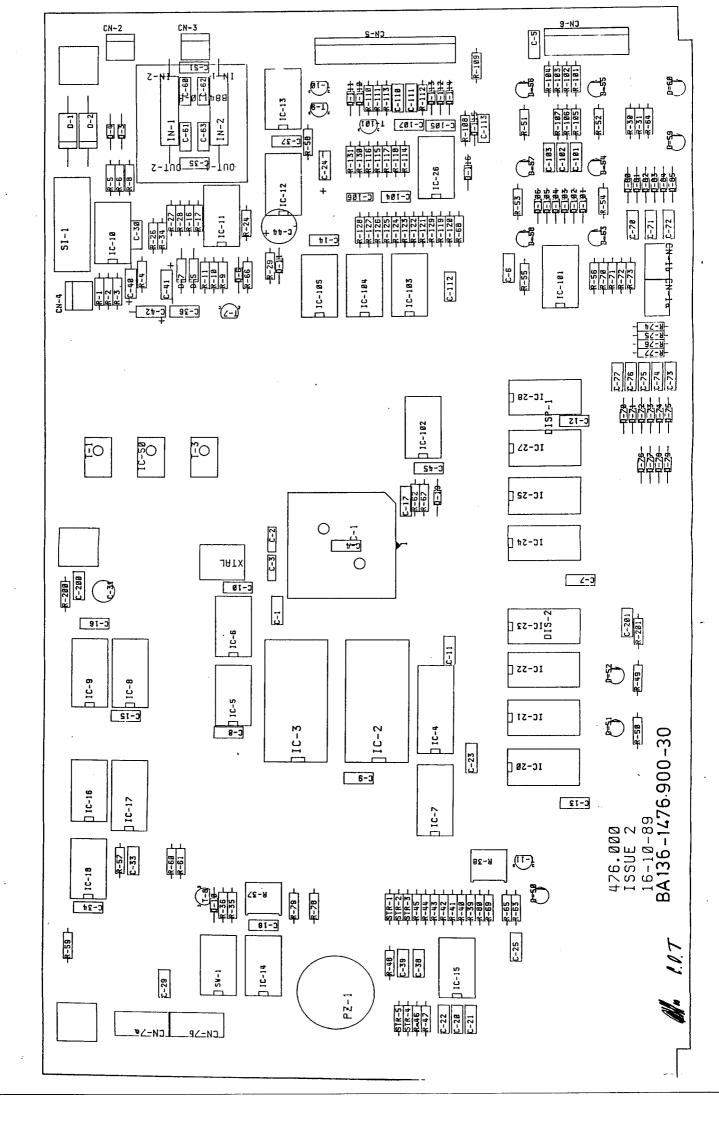
Spare parts list

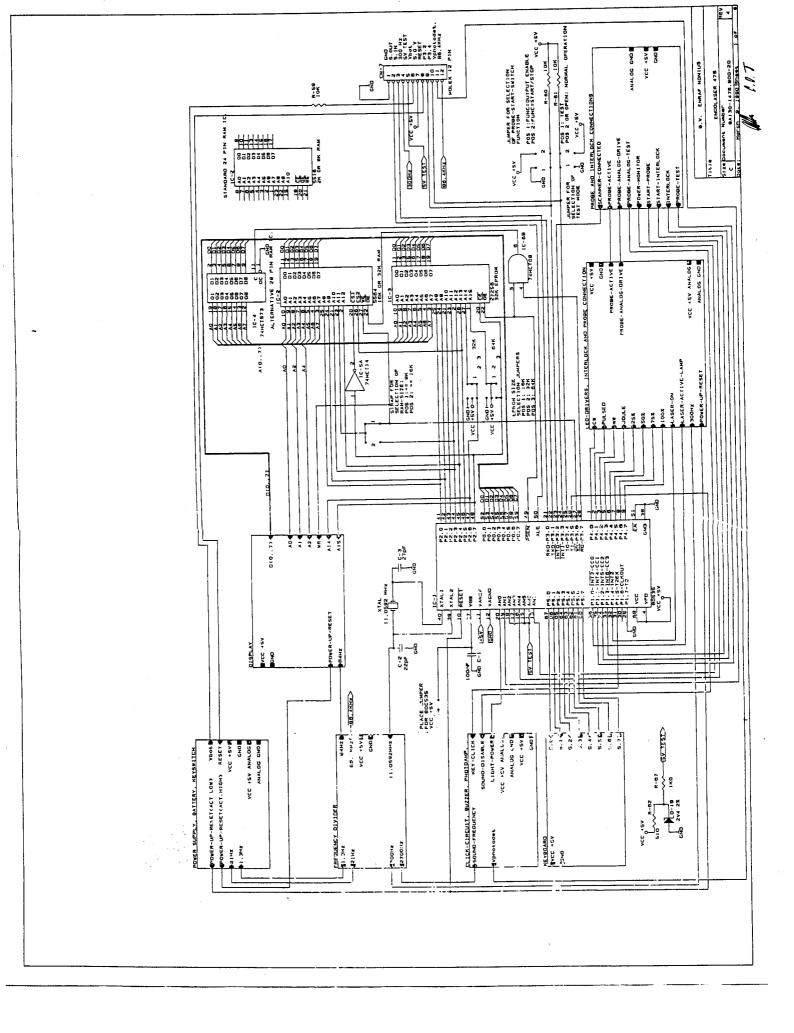
NA

NA

NA

Item	С	R1	R2	Part no.	Description1	Description2
344481	6 Laser	pro	be 78	30nm, 10m	W with target I	ight
NA	N	0	0	3444814	Tool,	safety glasses (set of 2)
NA	N	0	0	3444822	Fluid,	cleaning for Endolaser lenses
NA	N	0	0	3444825	Probe tip,	with coated lens
NA	N	0	0	3444826	Cable,	probe with connectors
NA	N	0	0	3444827	Keypad,	incl. probe cabinet top
NA	N	0	0	3444828	Tool,	probe grounding cable
344481	7 Laser	pro	be 8:	30nm, 30m	W with target I	ight
NA	N	0	0	3444814	Tool,	safety glasses (set of 2)
NA	N	0	0	3444822	Fluid,	cleaning for Endolaser lenses
NA	N	0	0	3444825	Probe tip,	with coated lens





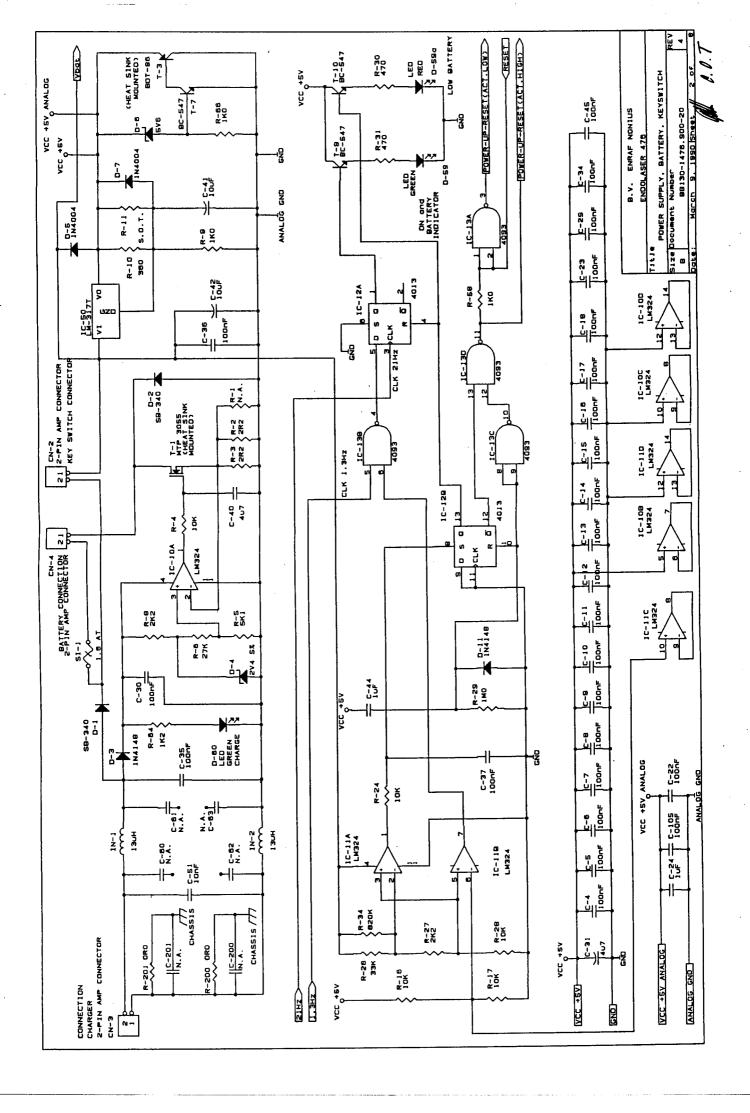
POWER SUPPLY SERIES 0 ONLY POWER-CR BEBET IACT HIGH >> (NEAT BINK MOUNTED) BOT-08 T-8 POWER BUPPLY, BATTERY, KEYSKITCH ្រំ ដឹទិ 6 4 6 5 15 Na zx-zva 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 VCE +6V ANALOR <u>I</u>} § ΪĀ 13 VCC +8.9 V ←-158 **1**} ₽ 22 52 0010 0010 3 Ť ZC-110 LK824 Ϊå <u>1</u>3 } = 1 0m } ₹5 --||-Į, T-1 MTP 3086 (MEAT 81MK MOUNTED) 77 100 100 100 100 BATTEMY CONNECTION (21) 18: 9 3 VCC +6V ANALDO Įž I 250 Y 250 320 X 2004 C-24 - C-108 20 ξģ ₹ ¥ ## ## CH-S

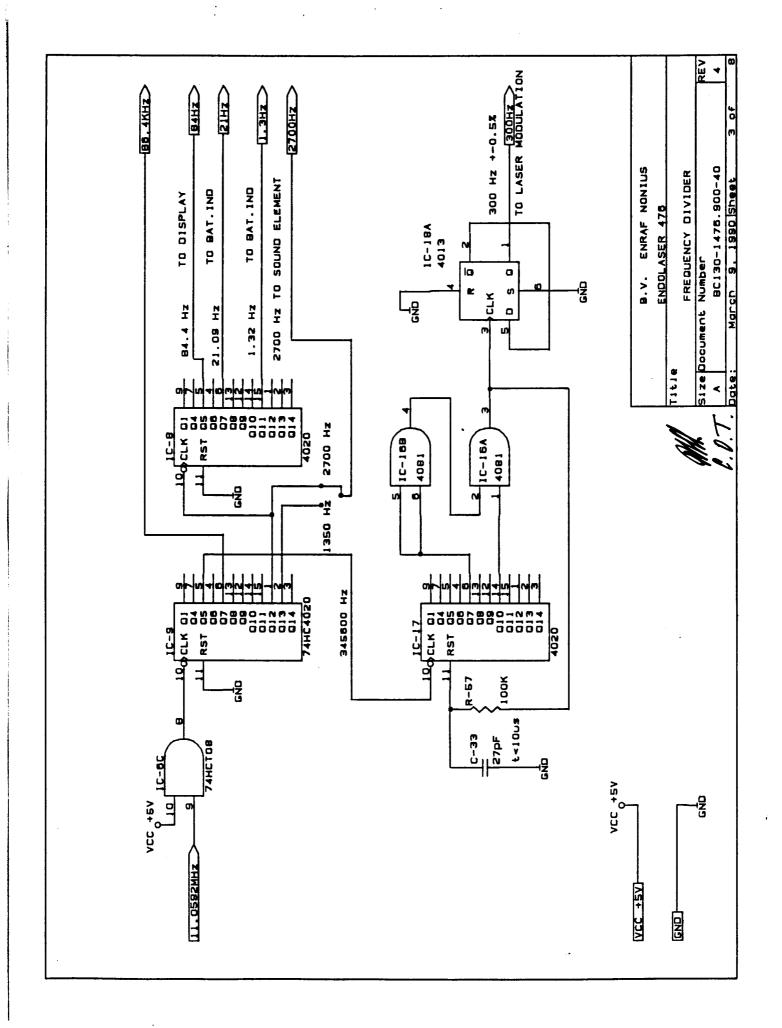
1 A CONSECTION

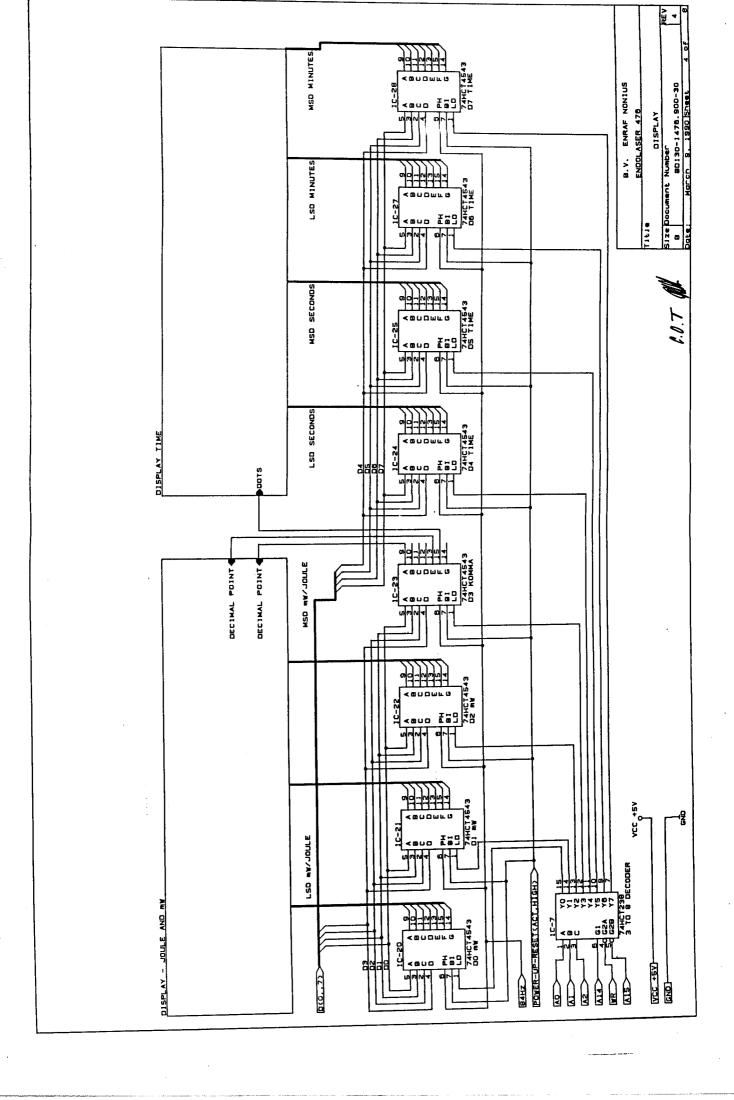
CHARGES

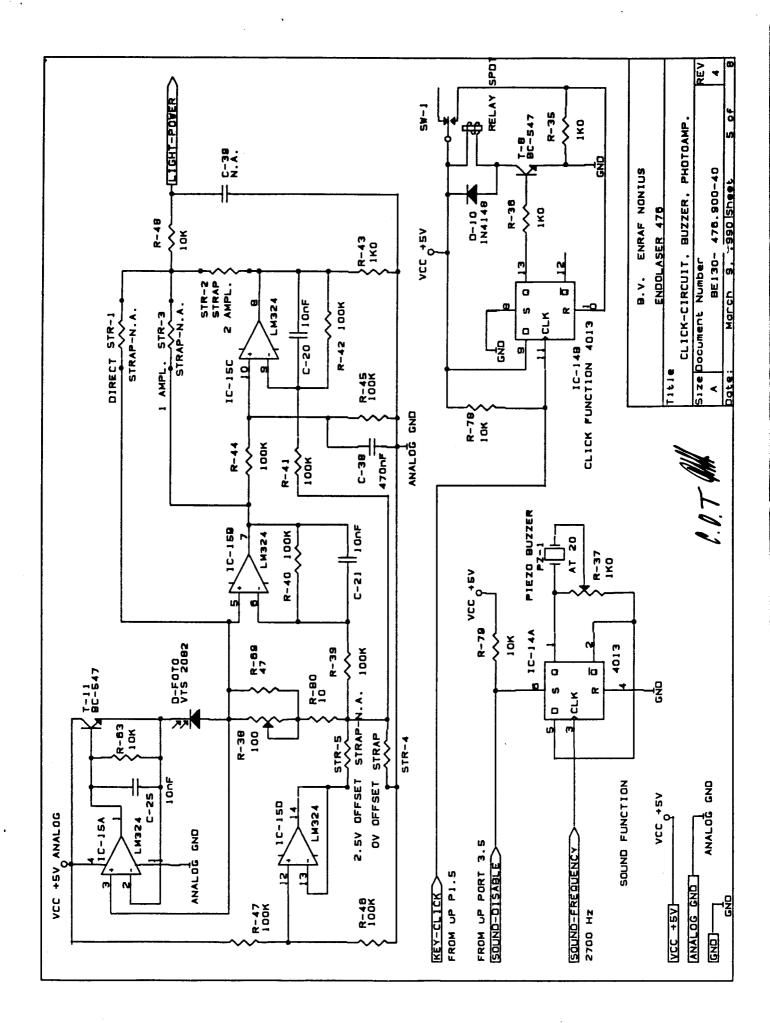
CHARGES 1 9 4 CANAL DO BYD. NCC HOV

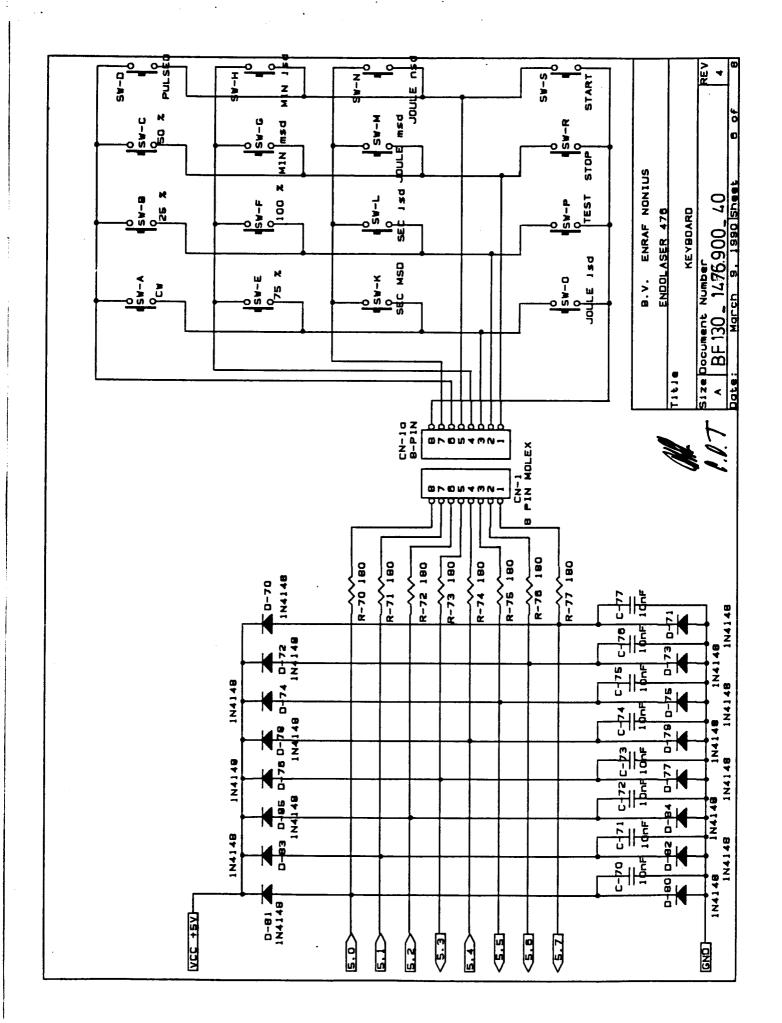
1.5

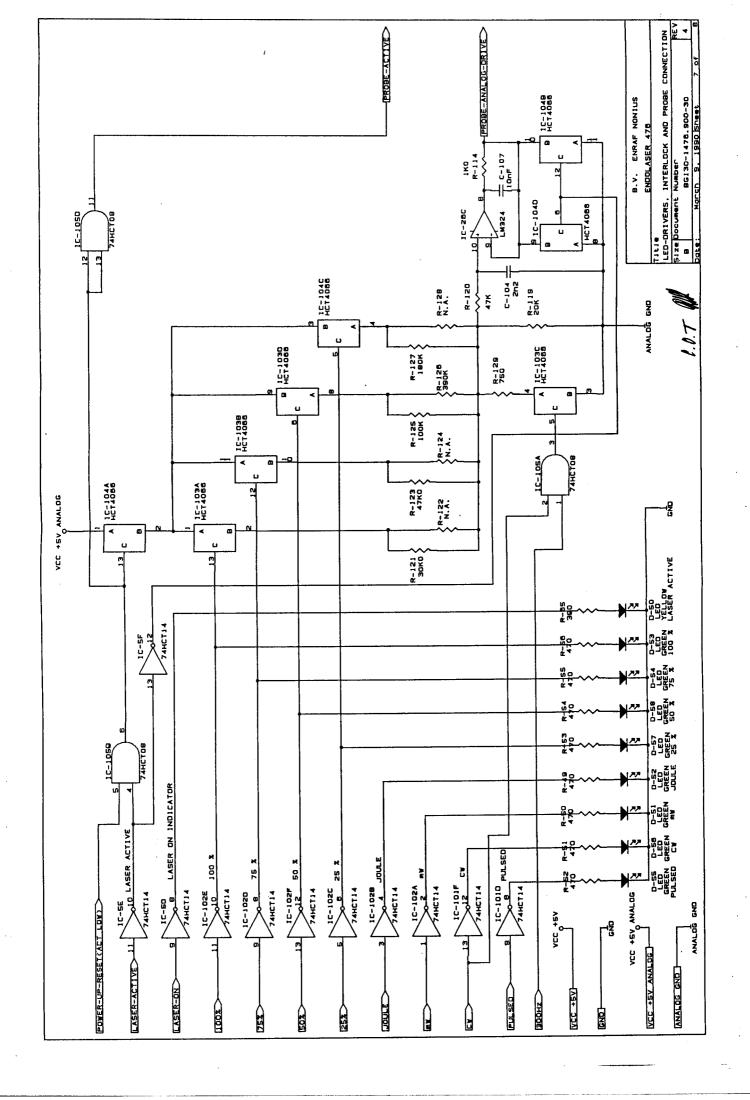


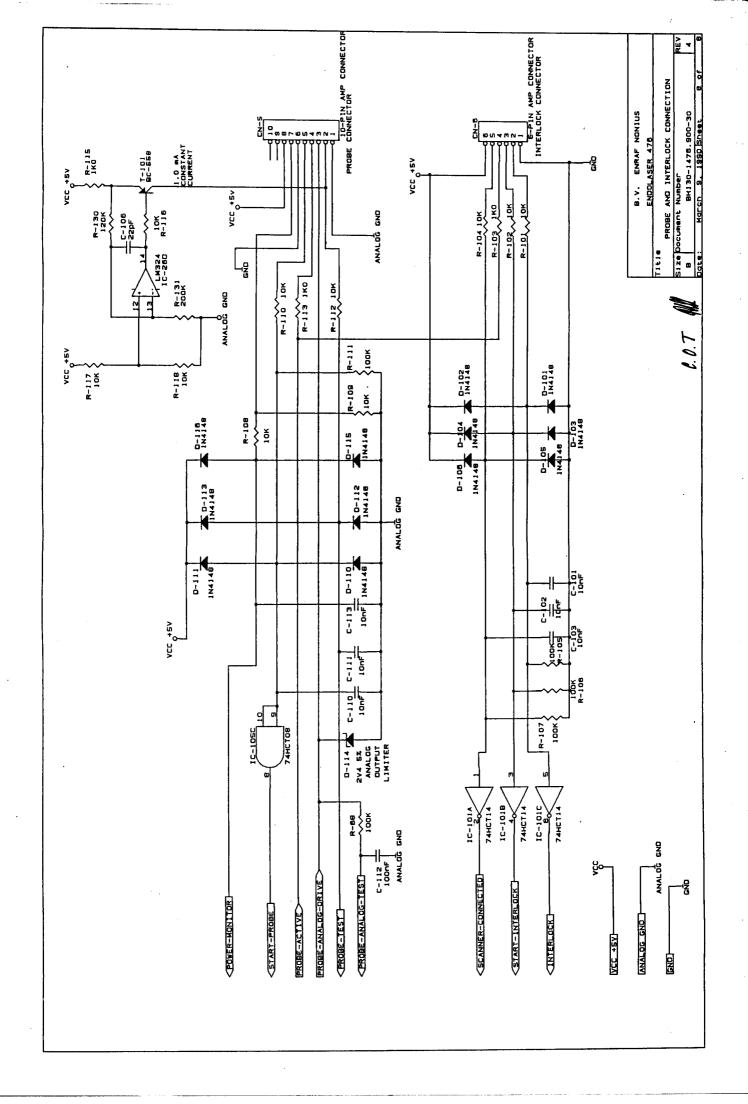












TECHNICAL INFO MEDICAL DIVISION

T.I. 476 - 01 (page 1/2)

Title:

ENDOLASER 476, powermeter failure (lasertest function)

Description:

Some equipments of series 1 may indicate in the laser test function a too high laser output on the display. The meter will show about 1.5 times the real power (15 mW when testing a 10 mW probe, or 45 mW when testing a 30mW probe).

The problem is a fault in the adjustment of the lightsensor circuit. The problem can easily be solved in case the real output power of the supplied probe is known. Solving the problem is done recalibrating the sensor using the probe as a reference. Page 2 of this T.I. gives the measured power of the probes supplied with series 1.

Modification advise

In case of a problem with an Endolaser 476,

-Open the unit.

-Look up the power of the probe in the list at page 2 or 3.

-Perform the laser test procedure (setting 100% / continuous).

-Calibrate the meter with potentiomenter R38 ('light sensor') to this value.

In case the supplied probe is not mentioned in the list at next pages, calibrate to the power mentioned at the label of the probe (10, 30 or 40 mW):

Change classification:

- O Perform immediately on all field units.
- O Perform routinely at next service call.
- Perform only upon unit failure.
- O Information only.

Carried out from series

does not apply

New components

Deleted components

Updated documents

Our reference

Comment:

The following Endolasers 476 of series 1 may need recalibration:

1, 2, 4, 5, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20

22, 23, 24, 27, 28, 30, 32, 33, 34, 37, 38, 39, 40

41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 54, 56, 58, 59, 60 61, 62, 63, 65, 68, 69, 71, 72, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80

81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 95, 98, 99, 100

102, 103, 104, 105,

152, 154, 187, 201

May 1990

Power information on laserprobe 3444.816 (10 mW probe)

Number	power(mW)	number	power (mW)	number	power (mW)
01-001	11 /	01-010	11	01-019	11
01-002	11	01-011	10	01-020	11
01-003	09	01-012	11	01-021	11
01-004	11	01-013	11	01-022	11
01-005	11	01-014	11	01-023	11
01-006	11	01-015	11	01-024	11
01-007	11	01-016	11	01-025	11
01-008	11	01-017	11		
01.009	11	01-018	11		

Power information on laserprobe 3444.817 (30 mW probe)

Number	power(mW)	number	power (mW)	number	power (mW)
01-001	33	01-034	32	01-067	34
01-002	33	01-035	••	01-068	33
01-003	33	01-036	33	01-069	32
01-004	33	01-037	33	01-070	33
01-005	33	01-038	33	01-071	33
01-006	33	01-039	33	01-072	33
01-007	35	01-040	33	01-073	33
01-008	35	01-041	33	01-074	••
01-009	33	01-042	32	01-075	34
01-010	33	01-043	34	01-076	33
01-011	33	01-044	33	01-077	33
01-012	32	01-045	33	01-078	33
01-013	33	01-046	33	01-079	33
01-014	35	01-047	33	01-080	34
01-015	34	01-048	33	01-081	33
01-016	33	01-049	33	01-082	34
01-017	35	01-050	33	01-083	34
01-018	33	01-051	34	01-084	34
01-019	33	01-052	34	01-085	33
01-020	34	01-053	34	01-086	33
01-021	33	01-054	34	01-087	32
01-022	31	01-055	33	01-088	34
01-023	33	01-056	33	01-089	34
01-024	33	01-057	34	01-090	33
01-025	32	01-058	33	01-091	33
01-026	33	01-059	33	01-092	33
01-027	••	01-060	32	01-093	35
01-028	33	01-061	33	01-094	••
01-029	33	01-062	32	01-095	34
01-030	31	01-063	34	01-096	34
01-031	34	01-064	34	01-097	33
01-032	33	01-066	33	01-098	33
01-033	31	01-066	33	01-099	34
				01-100	31



Service Information

ENDOLASER 476, front panel colour change.

Front panel colour

The colour of the front panel of all 4-series equipment has been changed according to the table below:

1. Electro therapy equipment : Blue

2. Ultra sound equipment (and combination equipment) : Green

3. HF equipment : Red

4. Myofeedback equipment : Purple

5. All other types of equipment : Yellow

As a result of this, the colour of the frontpanel of the Endolaser 476 has been changed to YELLOW

The spare part number of the new frontpanel is: 0476.801 (not changed).

Please add this page to your service manual.

Change classification

Perform immediately on all field units.

Ó Perform routinely at next service call.

Ó Perform only upon unit failure.

Information only

Commencing date:

Carried out from series:

New components:

Deleted components:

Our reference: :

August 1992

NA

Front panel (new) Part no.: 0476.801

NA





Service Information

ENDOLASER 476, CE marking

The Endolaser 476 equipment produced after March 1996 is sold in the European union with CE marking. The Endolaser 476 complies with all requirements of the EMC Directive (89/336/EEG and 92/31/EEG) using the transition period for the Medical Device Directive (93/42/EEG).

The CE marked equipment can be identified by the following symbol at the rear side of the housing.



For the Endolaser 476 with CE marking the following parts have been added:

- Filter PC Board set:

part number:

0476.690

This set contains three filter PC Boards including wiring. For location of the filter PC Boards inside the Endolaser 476 housing see figure 1 at the back side of this service information.

Please add this service info to appendix C of your service manual.

Change classification

Perform immediately on all field units.

00 Perform routinely at next service call.

0 Perform only upon unit failure.

Information only

Commencing date:

March 1996

Carried out from series:

NA

New components:

0476690 (Filter PC Board set)

Deleted components:

NA

Our reference: :

WV 1463.00-60/11

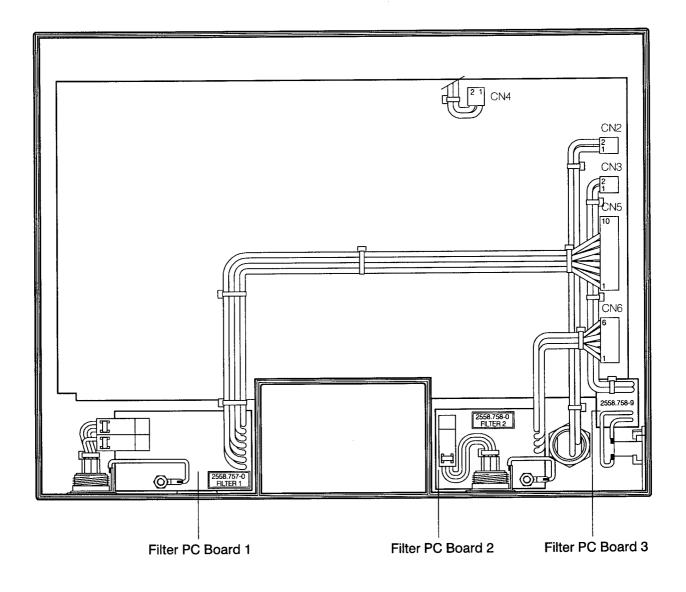


Fig. 1 Location of the EMI filter PC Boards



Enraf-Nonius B.V.

Röntgenweg 1, 2624 BD Delft Postbus 810, 2600 AV Delft

Tel.: 015 269 87 72 Fax: 015 262 43 49

Handels Register nr.: 260.30.375